Cialm No: CO/2025/2019

OUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION
ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

ACCIDING GIRLS GIRLS

BETWEEN:

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS AUTHORITY FOR HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE

Appellant



end

(1) HEALTH AND CARE PROFESSIONS COUNCIL (2) VERA NNADOZIE

Respondente

CONSENT ORDER

UPON the parties having agreed these terms and the statement of reasons as set out in the Schedule

AND UPON neither party being either a child or protected party and the appeal not being an appeal from a decision of the Court of Protection

BY CONSENT

IT IS ORDIERED THAT:

- The appeal be allowed and the decision of the First Respondent's Conduct and Competence Committee (the CCC) on 27 March 2019 be quashed and the matter remitted to the CCC for redetermination in accordance with the contents of the Schedule.
- The First Respondent shall pay the Appellant's reasonable costs of the appeal, to be subject to detailed assessment if not agreed.

We consent to an order on the above terms:

Dated this Landay of September 2019

Fellsin

Fleidfleher

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37 Peter Street

Manchester

M2 5GB

BDB Pilmans LLP

50 Broadway

London

SW1H OBL

Ref: HB3/RL7/UK01-055066-00035/79753508 v2

Solicitors for the Appellant

Ref: HEF/RJL/098783,0429

Solicitors for the First Respondent

BOB Pitonans Life

Ms Vera Nnadozle

Second Respondent

ADMINISTRATIVE COURT OFFICE

IN RODEN

NA CCT 2019

MASTER OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

By the Court

SCHEDULE

- 1 The Second Respondent is a registered social worker.
- In a decision on 27 March 2019 in fitness to practise proceedings FTP55022, the CCC determined that the facts of the allegation against the Second Respondent were not proved.
- The Appellant appealed the decision on the following grounds:

Ground 1 — the fellure on the part of the HCPC to formulate appropriate charges against the registrant reflecting the evidence of dishonesty constitutes a "serious procedural or other irregularity" in the circumstances of this case.

Ground 2 — the fallure on the part of the HCPC to formulate charges relating to breach of confidentiality that accurately reflected the evidence and alleged misconduct constitutes a further "serious procedural or other irregularity" in the circumstances of this case.

Ground 3 — the decision of the IC not to refer particulars 1(a) and 1(b) on the basis that there was no realistic prospect of impairment in relation to those charges was flawed (wrong in law?), and constitutes a "serious procedural or other irregularity" as provided for by CPR 52.21, in the circumstances of this case [sic].

Ground 4 — The failure by the Conduct and Competence Committee to discharge its duly as a panel of enquiry by seeking information from the HCPC and/or adjourning the substantive hearing of its own motion constitutes a "serious procedural or other irregularity", as provided for by CPR 52.21, in the circumstances of this case.

- The First Respondent accepts that the decision was not sufficient for the protection of the public, within the meaning of s.29(4) of the National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002, and that the decision should be quashed and the matter remitted to a fresh panel of the CCC for redetermination of fact, misconduct, impairment and eanclion.
- Subject to an acknowledgement by the parties that the evidence for the allegation referred to at paragraph 34(a) of the Grounds of Appeal is not clear, it is egreed that the First Respondent will formulate a fresh set of allegations which reflect the concerns relead in Grounds 1 and 2 of the Grounds of Appeal. The fresh set of allegations shall remedy omissions identified by the Appellant and shall include particulars in relation to (a) breach of confidentiality having regard to the matters identified by the Appellant in paragraphs 44 to 48 of the Grounds of Appeal, and (b) dishonesty having regard to the matters identified by the Appellant in paragraphs 34 to 38 of the Grounds of Appeal (with the exception of the allegation referred to at paragraph 34(a)).